

WE CLAIM

1. A method of operating a communication system comprising:
 providing a channel matrix of a gain and phase between each
 transmit antenna and each receive antenna of the communication system;
 5 computing at least one receive weight vector as a function of the
 channel matrix and at least one transmit weight vector; and
 computing an updated transmit weight vector as a function of
 the transmit weight vector, the receive weight vector and the channel matrix.
- 10 2. The method of claim 1 further comprising computing a gradient
 matrix as a function of the transmit weight vector, the channel matrix, the
 receive weight vector and a constraint weight, computing the updated transmit
 weight vector as a function of the gradient matrix and the transmit weight
 vector.
- 15 3. The method of claim 1 wherein the transmit weight vector is
 computed as a function of a step size.
4. The method of claim 1 wherein the updated transmit weight
 vector is computed according to:

$$\min_{\mathbf{w}_u, \mathbf{v}_u} \sum_{u=1}^{N_s} \mathbb{E} |r_u - x_u|^2 =$$

$$\min_{\mathbf{w}_u, \mathbf{v}_u} \sum_{u=1}^{N_s} \mathbb{E} \left| \mathbf{w}_u^H \left(\sum_{\ell=1}^{N_s} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{v}_\ell X_\ell + \mathbf{n} \right) - x_u \right|^2, \text{ where } r_u \text{ is the } u^{\text{th}}$$

- 20 element of \mathbf{r} and x_u is u^{th} element of \mathbf{x} .

5. The method of claim 2 wherein each column of the gradient matrix is computed according to:

$$\mathbf{G} = (\mathbf{H}^H \mathbf{W} \mathbf{W}^H \mathbf{H} + 2\gamma(\text{trace}(\mathbf{V}^H \mathbf{V}) - 1)\mathbf{I}_{M_T}) \mathbf{V} - \mathbf{H}^H \mathbf{W}.$$

6. The method of claim 1 wherein the updated transmit weight vector is computed according to:

$$\min_{\mathbf{w}_u, \mathbf{v}_u} \sum_{u=1}^{N_s} \mathbb{E} |r_u - x_u|^2 = \min_{\mathbf{w}_u, \mathbf{v}_u} \sum_{u=1}^{N_s} \mathbb{E} \left| \mathbf{w}_u^H \left(\sum_{\ell=u}^{N_s} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{v}_\ell x_\ell + \mathbf{n} \right) - x_u \right|^2, \text{ where } r_u \text{ is the}$$

u^{th} element of \mathbf{r} and x_u is u^{th} element of \mathbf{x} .

7. The method of claim 2 wherein each column of the gradient matrix is computed according to:

$$\nabla \mathbf{v}_u = \left(\sum_{\ell=1}^U \mathbf{H}^H \mathbf{w}_\ell \mathbf{w}_\ell^H \mathbf{H} + 2\gamma(\text{trace}(\mathbf{V}^H \mathbf{V}) - 1)\mathbf{I}_{M_T} \right) \mathbf{v}_u - \mathbf{H}^H \mathbf{w}_u,$$

where u designates a column of the gradient vector.

8. A system for operating a communication system comprising:
 means for providing a channel matrix of a gain and phase
 between each transmit antenna and each receive antenna of the
 communication system;
 means for computing at least one receive weight vector as a
 function of the channel matrix and at least one of transmit weight vectors; and
 means for computing an updated transmit weight vector as a
 function of the transmit weight vector, the channel matrix, and the receive
 weight vector.

9. The system of claim 8 further comprising means for computing a gradient matrix as a function of the channel matrix, the receive weight vector, the transmit weight vector and a constraint weight, means for computing the updated transmit weight vector as a function of the gradient matrix and the transmit weight vector.

10. The system of claim 8 further comprising means for computing the transmit weight vector as a function of a step size.

11. A computer readable medium storing a computer program comprising:

computer readable code for providing a channel matrix of a gain and phase between each transmit antenna and each receive antenna of the communication system;

computer readable code for computing at least one receive weight vector as a function of the channel matrix and at least one of transmit weight vectors;

computer readable code for computing a gradient matrix as a function of the channel matrix, the receive weight vector and the transmit weight vector; and

computer readable code for computing an updated transmit weight vector as a function of the transmit weight vector and the gradient vector.

12. The program of claim 11 further comprising computer readable code for computing a gradient matrix as a function of the transmit weight vector, the channel matrix, the receive weight vector and a constraint weight, computing the updated transmit weight vector as a function of the gradient matrix and the transmit weight vector.

13. The program of claim 11 further comprising computer readable code for computing the transmit weight vector as a function of a step size.

14. The method of claim 11 wherein the updated transmit weight vector is computed according to:

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$$\min_{\mathbf{w}_u, \mathbf{v}_u} \sum_{u=1}^{N_s} \mathbb{E} |r_u - x_u|^2 =$$

$$\min_{\mathbf{w}_u, \mathbf{v}_u} \sum_{u=1}^{N_s} \mathbb{E} \left| \mathbf{w}_u^H \left(\sum_{\ell=1}^{N_s} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{v}_\ell x_\ell + \mathbf{n} \right) - x_u \right|^2, \text{ where } r_u \text{ is the } u^{\text{th}} \text{ element}$$

of \mathbf{r} and x_u is u^{th} element of \mathbf{x} .

15. The program of claim 12 wherein each column of the gradient matrix is computed according to:

$$\mathbf{G} = \left(\mathbf{H}^H \mathbf{W} \mathbf{W}^H \mathbf{H} + 2\gamma (\text{trace}(\mathbf{V}^H \mathbf{V}) - 1) \mathbf{I}_{M_T} \right) \mathbf{V} - \mathbf{H}^H \mathbf{W}.$$

10 16. The program of claim 11 wherein the updated transmit weight vector is computed according to:

$$\min_{\mathbf{w}_u, \mathbf{v}_u} \sum_{u=1}^{N_s} \mathbb{E} |r_u - x_u|^2 =$$

$$\min_{\mathbf{w}_u, \mathbf{v}_u} \sum_{u=1}^{N_s} \mathbb{E} \left| \mathbf{w}_u^H \left(\sum_{\ell=1}^{N_s} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{v}_\ell x_\ell + \mathbf{n} \right) - x_u \right|^2, \text{ where } r_u \text{ is the } u^{\text{th}}$$

element of \mathbf{r} and x_u is u^{th} element of \mathbf{x} .

15 17. The program of claim 12 wherein each column of the gradient matrix is computed according to:

$$\nabla \mathbf{v}_u = \left(\sum_{\ell=1}^u \mathbf{H}^H \mathbf{w}_\ell \mathbf{w}_\ell^H \mathbf{H} + 2\gamma (\text{trace}(\mathbf{V}^H \mathbf{V}) - 1) \mathbf{I}_{M_T} \right) \mathbf{v}_u - \mathbf{H}^H \mathbf{w}_u,$$

where u designates a column of the gradient vector.

18. A method of operating a communication system comprising computing a plurality of transmit weight vectors and a plurality of receive weight vectors that minimizes an expected mean squared error between analytical successive cancellation symbol estimates and transmitted symbols.

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19. The method of claim 18 wherein each analytical successive cancellation symbol estimate is computed according to:

$$r_u = \mathbf{w}_u^H \left(\mathbf{y} - \sum_{\ell=1}^{U-1} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{v}_\ell \hat{x}_\ell \right), \text{ where } \hat{x}_\ell = \text{slice}(r_\ell)$$

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20. The method of claim 18 wherein the transmit weight vector is normalized according to:

$$\text{trace}(\mathbf{V}^H \mathbf{V}) = 1$$

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21. A method of operating a communication system comprising computing a plurality of transmit weight vectors wherein the transmit weight vectors are computed according to:

$$\mathbf{V} = \mathbf{U}_V \mathbf{S}_V \mathbf{Z}_V^H$$

where $\mathbf{U}_V = \mathbf{Z}_H$ and \mathbf{Z}_V is chosen according to:

$$\mathbf{Z}_{V,i}^H \tilde{\mathbf{D}} \mathbf{Z}_{V,i} = 1 - \overline{MSE} = \text{trace}(\tilde{\mathbf{D}}) / N_s$$

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$$\text{subject to } \mathbf{Z}_V \mathbf{Z}_V^H = \mathbf{Z}_V^H \mathbf{Z}_V = \mathbf{I}_{N_s}$$

22. The method of claim 21 wherein the right singular vectors of the transmit weight matrix are the columns of the normalized DFT matrix.

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23. The method of claim 21 wherein the right singular vectors of the transmit weight matrix are the columns of the normalized Hadamard matrix.